

# CLIMATE ACTION NETWORK-INTERNATIONAL

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CLIMATE ACTION NETWORK

ANNUAL REPORT 2015

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Wael Hmaidan at COP 21.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.

## MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR

### CIVIL SOCIETY TAKES CENTER STAGE IN 2015

The year 2015 was an important milestone for the climate movement and for CAN. Again, civil society was able to prove that they are central to any progress on climate change on the international or national level. Various reports that analyzed the 2015 climate successes, have recognized the enormous role civil society played. The climate change goal in the SDGs has even been directly attributed to the efforts of civil society. In Paris, civil society united with the Climate Vulnerable Forum (CVF) to deliver on the 1.5C and the long-term emission reduction goals.

In 2015, CAN was able to demonstrate that it was well positioned to influence not only in the policy arena, but also more established in the campaigning space, as well as a key player in mobilizing the movement — as a strategic enabler, connector, incubator, convener, and facilitator.

The work of 2015 focused on bringing a just transition from fossil fuels to 100% renewable energy to the

political stage. The 100% renewable energy campaign was brought into the forefront throughout the year, especially during COP 21. The campaign also included successful coordination with our national/regional nodes and members on the ground, who engaged their governments in formulating their national climate action contributions.

In continuity with our 2014 work on movement building, CAN also engaged with the faith movement. August 2015 was highlighted with the success of the Islamic Declaration in Istanbul urging governments to deliver a strong international climate agreement that signals the end of the fossil fuel era and achieves 100% renewable energy.

The Climate NGO movement was also a major force in 2015, but what made the year even more unique, is the unprecedented coordination that took place across all sectors and structures: faith, labor, youth, businesses, UN agencies, academia, among others. This level of cooperation now needs to continue more than ever before. The climate movement needs to stay strong to continue the momentum and spirit generated out of the moments of 2015.

A stylized, handwritten signature in black ink, likely belonging to Wael Hmaidan.


Wael Hmaidan  
Director  
CAN-International

Climate Action Network-International  
Annual Report 2015

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Climate Action Network-International  
PO Box 14-5472, Beirut, Lebanon  
Tel. No. +961.3.506313

administration@climatenetwork.org  
www.climatenetwork.org

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DEAR SAUDI ARABIA  
IT'S TIME TO STAND  
WITH VULNERABLE  
COUNTRIES AND  
SUPPORT 100%  
CLEAN ENERGY BY 2050  
IN THE PARIS  
CLIMATE DEAL

**IndyACT**

and other Arab civil society are calling for a long-term goal of achieving zero emissions to be part of COP21 outcome

## MESSAGE FROM BOARD CO-CHAIRS

2015 has been, in many ways, a marker in the sand. A year in which yet again heat records were broken and where the annual global average temperature passed the threshold of 1°C above pre-industrial levels, a year in which for the first time global levels of CO<sub>2</sub> passed 400 parts per millions, a year in which the frequency and violence of extreme weather events have continued to increase, causing immense loss of life and livelihoods and reversing development gains in some hard hit areas.

But it was a year of great hope as well. Not because the number of international summits probably set another record, but because people from all walks of life, frontline communities, faith leaders, mums and dads, human rights activists and social movements, farmers, health practitioners, and many many more, came together to call with the same urgency for more ambitious climate action that would deliver for present day and future generations.

People power brought climate action to the forefront of the media and to the top of the political agenda again. People were putting the spotlight on their daily struggles and also telling their daily stories of resilience, of how their communities were taking the lead in implementing solutions to the climate crisis, such as an accelerated, just transition to 100% renewable energy which, in addition to decarbonizing the economy, brings many other tangible benefits for a better, safer future.

In 2015, an ever-growing and more diverse climate movement has shown that it is a force that cannot be ignored or fooled by pretty words. With the largest climate mobilization in history taking place before the start of COP 21, the signal to leaders to live up to the challenge couldn't have been clearer.

CAN and its members have in many ways and shapes participated in those calls to action, amplifying voices and demands, helping to connect actors and agendas, challenging power and decision-makers to deliver, to do more and better and to put people back to the center of their action. The CAN-International secretariat has helped facilitate and support nodes, members and partners' engagement in these efforts, and the CAN Board provided guidance and oversight, ensuring that internal processes and practice were continuously strengthened in these busy times (for example through the finalization of CAN's first gender

inclusivity, equality and equity policy), that strategies were on track and implemented while maximizing synergies, that rich and diverse dynamics in the network would positively emulate the work of the CAN family.

December 2015 was marked by the Paris Agreement, but this is just a first step. Now we need to shift gears to ensure robust delivery, ramping up of ambition, adequate means of implementation, and meaningful action from all sides. We need to demand more focus on supporting the struggles that communities take up today and will have to face in the future, we need to mobilize forces, voices, finance to ensure that those promises will not ring hollow and that people and their asks are at the center of any pathway to transformational change.

CAN has already started to revisit its strategies months ago to agree on a new framework enabling the network to best catalyze the members' wide expertise and strengths in support of these efforts. We look forward to working on all this together in 2016.



Mohamed Adow, Co-Chair  
Christian Aid, UK



Niranjali Amerasinghe, Co-Chair  
Center for International Environmental Law, USA



Left: Rally for renewable energy, Spain.  
Right: Call for climate action, France.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.

## 2015 BOARD OF DIRECTORS LIST

### Mohamed Adow, Co-Chair

Christian Aid, *UK*

### Niranjali Amerasinghe, Co-Chair

Center for International Environmental Law, *USA*

### Alix Mazounie, Secretary

Rac-France, *France*

### Wendel Trio, Treasurer

CAN Europe, *Belgium*

### Aïssatou Diouf

ENDA, *Senegal*

### Brandon Wu

ActionAid USA, *USA*

### Enrique Maurtua Konstantinidis

Fundación Biosfera, *Argentina*

### Kimiko Hirata

Kiko Network, *Japan*

### Kit Vaughan

CARE International, *Denmark*

### Rashmi Mistry

Oxfam International, *South Africa*

### Safaa El Jayoussi

Greenpeace Mediterranean, *Jordan*

### Sandeep Chamling Rai

WWF International, *Nepal*

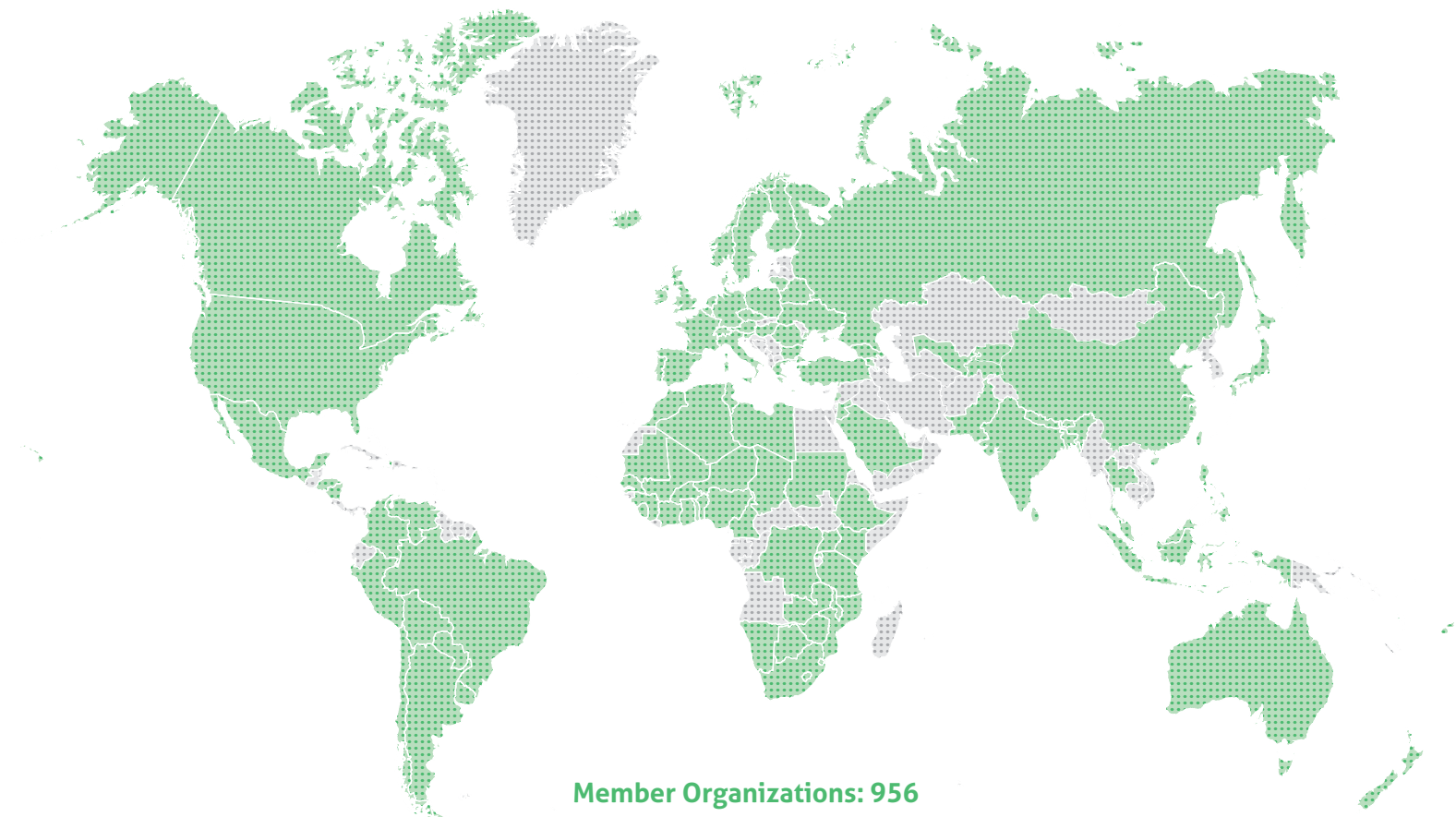
### Sanjay Vashist

CAN South Asia, *India*

## ABOUT CAN

Established in 1989, Climate Action Network (CAN) is a worldwide network of over 950 non-governmental organizations in more than 110 countries, working together to promote government and individual action to limit human-induced climate change to ecologically sustainable levels. Our members work to achieve this goal through the coordinated development of NGO advocacy on international, regional, and national climate and energy issues. In 2015, CAN had 10 regional and 10 national network hubs that coordinated these efforts around the world.

### CAN AROUND THE WORLD



Member Organizations: 956

### CAN REGIONAL NETWORKS

- CAN-Eastern Africa
- CAN Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia (CAN-EECCA)
- CAN-Europe
- CAN Latin American (CANLA)
- CAN-Arab World
- CAN-Pacific (PICAN)
- CAN-South Asia (CANSAs)
- Southern Africa Region CAN (SARCAN)
- CAN-South East Asia (CAN-SEA)
- CAN-Western and Central Africa

### CAN NATIONAL NETWORKS

- CAN-Australia (CANA)
- CAN-Rac Canada
- CAN-China
- Rac-France
- CAN-Indonesia
- CAN-Japan
- CAN-South Africa (SACAN)
- CAN-Tanzania
- CAN-Uganda
- US Climate Action Network (USCAN)
- New Zealand CAN



March for Climate Action Senegal.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.

## NODES AND CAN'S GLOBAL IMPACT

CAN's membership is organized through its national and regional networks, called "nodes." CAN nodes are instrumental in the way the global network operates, as they ensure that perspectives and demands from the local, national, and regional levels are fed into the network's efforts and that the network's asks are responsive to realities on the ground. By working more closely, coordinating influencing strategies and amplifying respective demands, the network's impact is growing at all levels and in various forums. Continuously strengthening how we work together with members, nodes, and the CAN Secretariat, is a key priority in all areas: from our policy and advocacy work, to the coordination of members' campaigns, as well as in our outreach and in strengthening our internal operations, capacities, processes, and communication.

In 2015, CAN has grown with the formalization of two new regional networks and one new national network: organizations in New Zealand officially formed New Zealand CAN (NZCAN), organisations from the Maghreb, Mashrek and GCC countries formed CAN Arab World (CANAW), and CAN Pacific Islands (PICAN) completed its process of becoming an official regional node. Altogether, these new nodes brought dozens of additional member organizations into the CAN network in 2015.

Throughout the year, CAN national and regional networks built upon the momentum of the climate change movement — shifting the public discourse towards the need to accelerate the transition to renewable energy, thus building more resilience and to help mitigate the dramatically worsening effects of the climate crisis. Members lobbied their governments to submit more ambitious INDCs; networks joined global initiatives or launched local campaigns to increase public pressure and media attention on shifting from fossil fuels to renewable energy, and, as more momentum was built in the lead-up to COP 21, members leveraged the increased attention within and beyond civil society, to recruit new allies and partner with more actors, such as in the sustainable development sector around the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) process. Working together with many of its members, across the wide spectrum of the climate change movement, CAN was also instrumental in mobilizing over 700,000 people globally ahead of the Paris Climate Summit.

Further sections in our 2015 Annual Report will also demonstrate how nodes worked on strengthening their structures and strategies, and contributed, through consulting with their members, to the process of developing CAN's new 2016–2020 strategy.

A list of *CAN's national and regional nodes*, can be found on our website.

## WORKING GROUPS

CAN is the sum of its various parts and advocates around policy positions within international negotiations, with the goal to provide a force multiplier effect for its member organizations. In order to develop policy positions that are robust and have the ownership of CAN members, the CAN secretariat facilitates various policy working groups.

CAN has 16 active policy working groups on various issues that are facilitated by two to three working group coordinators elected from the membership. The working groups ensure that CAN develops its policy advocacy, as well as prepares policy briefs and positions prior to key negotiating sessions. The CAN Secretariat provides support to these groups in the form of strategic leadership, as well as logistical support in order for smooth functioning. These working groups hold regular teleconference meetings to engage the membership on various developments, as well as collaboratively develop advocacy strategies.

CAN also has a Political Coordination Group (PCG) that consists of all working group coordinators, as well as

representatives from big logos and big picture experts. The Political Coordination Group provides strategic advice, as well as indicative direction that the network needs adopt in order to respond to the dynamic political landscape. The group is facilitated by the CAN Secretariat and has regular weekly calls throughout the year to exchange political intelligence and discuss various developments within international negotiations.

This systematic arrangement of developing policy positions and briefings culminates with the development of the annual policy document every year, prior to the UNFCCC Conference of Parties, where the network provides its demands and views on various issues. This document is used for advocacy purposes and has a good reputation within government delegations and the media, to assist in understanding the landscape of the negotiations, as well as projecting what is to be expected from the COP.

Read the *CAN Annual Policy Document for 2015*.

Along with this compendium document, CAN also produced *23 individual policy positions and briefings during 2015*.



3,200 Email List  
Subscribers

- ADAPTATION AND LOSS & DAMAGE
- LEGAL ISSUES
- FLEXS MECHS
- FINANCE
- CAPACITY BUILDING
- MITIGATION
- AGENDA 2030
- MRV
- COMMS
- SINKS
- AGRICULTURE
- TECHNOLOGY
- BUNKERS
- SCIENTIFIC REVIEW
- EFFORT SHARING
- NGO PARTICIPATION





Reclaim the power  
climate camp, UK  
Photo Credit:  
CAN-International.

## 100% RENEWABLE ENERGY

### TRANSITION IN ACTION

CAN was mandated, through the Istanbul Solutions Workshop in 2014, to produce a platform that would support and showcase campaigns supporting the just transition to 100% renewable energy. A project team, comprising of members of the communications and campaigns departments, delivered a [website](#) incorporating: a shareable map (for members and nodes to use for free); [fact sheets](#); [guides](#); [success stories](#); and a compilation of links to [relevant media](#) and [other sites](#). A draft campaigns guide was also developed, which will be finalized and published in the upcoming year. CAN supported this work and promoted stories demonstrating the ongoing transition to 100% renewable energy with a dedicated social media account.

### GLOBAL COMMUNICATIONS STRATEGY

Throughout 2015, CAN worked to ensure that the transition to 100% renewable energy was prominent at key moments for the public climate discourse, such as COP 21, the UNSDGs and the global climate mobilizations. This was achieved by working with spokespeople, supporting member and partner press work, and through our own media work. In addition, CAN produced tools and resources such as the Co-Benefits Report and the 100% Renewable Energy & Development Report to help frame 100% renewables in a way that was media friendly and precipitated press coverage. The secretariat also worked with nodes and members to deliver 100% renewable energy opinion editorials from diverse voices in a range of key countries, such as South Africa.

## CIVIL SOCIETY COORDINATION & MOBILIZATION

### COP 21 — PARIS

CAN, as a coalition of NGOs, was created to provide the platform to a multitude of organizations to come together and strengthen advocacy within the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). CAN continues to provide leadership in that role and performs various activities within the negotiations to enhance the impact of NGOs. As the biggest constituency focal point for Environment Non-Governmental Organizations (ENGOS), CAN provides its membership with various services, as well as provides the platform for collaborative work.

2015 was a key year for CAN, as it was the culmination of the Durban round of negotiations, where the final outcome was a new international agreement on climate change. CAN has been working for the past 5 years to ensure that the final outcome from COP 21 is environmentally credible, effective, efficient, and socially just, as well as inclusive. To do this, CAN performs the following activities in the run up to and during UNFCCC negotiations.

### Development of Advocacy Strategy

The membership of CAN is diverse with respect to geographical location, capacity, as well as organizational aim. Therefore, for CAN to be effective, It is important to have a coherent advocacy strategy around which all member organizations can rally together. In the run up to COP 21, the CAN Secretariat ensured that such a strategy was in place.

The CAN Secretariat developed scenarios for COP 21, as well as created a tool called 'Bare Essentials,' which included policy priorities for the network towards COP 21. This tool helped in, not just in ensuring that advocacy is targeted around these few priorities, but also helped the Network assess the outcome of the COP effectively. Prior to each negotiating session, CAN had a set of policy objectives that were agreed upon within the Network, as well as post-session, wherein there was an assessment of how far the Network was able to reach these objectives. This exercise ensured that the Network continued to be strategic throughout the year and achieved its goals within the Paris Agreement.

**Strategy Sessions**

The CAN membership coordinates in-between sessions by holding teleconference calls of working groups, but during the UNFCCC session, in order to get the membership on the same page, the CAN secretariat facilitated half/full day strategy sessions. These strategy sessions helped to provide the space for the membership to develop and coordinate various advocacy plans, as well as get up to date about the various developments within the negotiations.

These strategy sessions were very well attended with at least 100–150 people on average attending and during COP these numbers increased to nearly 300 people. The sessions helped in ensuring that the membership gets enough time to prepare for the upcoming negotiating sessions and effectively delivers on the agreed Network wide objectives.

**In Session Advocacy —  
ECO, Fossil of the Day, Interventions**

CAN membership actively carried out advocacy activities during the UNFCCC sessions. During the negotiating sessions, there were 2 daily meetings that were facilitated by the CAN Secretariat. These meetings had the objective of ensuring that the membership is well informed about the day-to-day happenings within the negotiations, as well as providing a forum to exchange political development and intelligence.

CAN members were effective in producing text suggestions that were presented to various governments, in order to be included within the final outcome of the negotiations. The two key issues that CAN was able to influence, was the language around the Long-Term Goal of the Paris Agreement, as well as various provisions relating to the Ambition Mechanism. Both of these issues were crucial for environmental integrity of the outcome.

In addition, CAN members also held various bilateral discussions with country groups; throughout the year there were nearly 100+ meetings with country delegations that helped in pushing CAN demands to countries, as well as helping countries to understand the intricacies of CAN positions. CAN also was extremely influential in supporting emerging country groups, like the Climate Vulnerable Forum, as well as the High Ambition Coalitions. CAN members were supporting these groups in an advisory capacity and helped in delivering civil society messages, in order

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One of the best parts of this programme was attending the Conference of Parties (COP) 21 in Paris. Active involvement with the CAN-Secretariat during COP 21 allowed me to access high-level plenary sessions and enabled me to directly report for the entire CAN community... I was able to gain good insight into the strength of civil society to influence governments to accommodate our feedback on the agreement.”

— Amit Kumar (on the LDP Fellowship),  
Pacific Islands CAN (PICAN), Fiji



1- COP 21. Photo Credit: CAN-International.  
2- Lina ECO. Photo Credit: TEIA.  
3- Fossil of the Day. Photo Credit: Takver.



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- 1- COP 21.  
Photo Credit: COP Paris.
- 2- COP 21.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.
- 3- COP 21.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.
- 4- COP Press.  
Photo Credit: IISD.
- 5- COP 21.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.
- 6- Fossil of the Day.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.
- 7- COP 21.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.
- 8- COP 21.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.

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**Low carbon development strategies and renewable energy has a lot of potential for rural communities in Africa, especially Tanzania. We need to make sure that rural communities are connected to energy which is very cheap and available in their localities. This will contribute a lot to poverty reduction.”**

— Sixbert Mwanga, CAN Tanzania, Tanzania

for them to be transmitted to a wider audience. The advocacy messages from CAN around the 1.5 Degree temperature target, as well as a long-term goal, were central to both these coalitions and their impact within the negotiations.

During the negotiations CAN also delivered various formal interventions in plenary and negotiating sessions to make countries aware of CAN priorities. CAN also published a daily ECO newsletter, as well as special editions during the course of the negotiations. ECO was read by most government delegations and was distributed in the early hours of the day to inform countries of the daily priorities of the Network. During COP 21 in Paris, ECO was also translated to French in order to have a broader reach within the delegations.

CAN also delivered the 'Fossil of the Day' award to the most regressive countries in the negotiations. These awards were very well received in the media and were popular among participants. The impact of these awards was not just felt within the negotiations, but also nationally, where civil society used 'Fossil of the Day' to lambast the government on their tactics within the negotiations.

#### ACTION/2015

Action was the name of the game in 2015, catalyzing not only on the long-awaited Paris Agreement, which was negotiated at the end of the year, but also on the launch of the Sustainable Development Goals in September 2015. With groups planning to mobilize around both of these moments, Action/2015 served to connect and coordinate CSOs from around the world and ensure they amplified each other's activities. CAN members became increasingly involved throughout the year, many playing active roles in various global action teams and national coalitions.

**CAN Tanzania** mobilized within the network by facilitating youth activists in the organization of a march and concert on International Youth Day, attended by several local politicians.

**CAN South Asia (CANSAs)** organized a workshop to mark the launch of the SDGs and explore their regional impact.

In November, the weekend before COP 21 commenced, **CAN Uganda** put considerable resources into organizing a large march in Kampala, calling for Uganda to be put on a pathway to 100% renewable energy.

CAN members' involvement in Action/2015 served to strengthen the relationship between CAN members and their counterparts in the Sustainable Development movement, relationships which will continue to bear fruit in 2016.

#### MOVEMENT BUILDING

As aforementioned, 2015 presented a fantastic opportunity to build bridges between different movements. Building on previous work, CAN members solidified more connections with faith organizations this year, in particular around the launch of the Pope's Encyclical, which coordinated the amplification of the Pope's message on climate action. CAN continued to work with faith organizations throughout the year, helping to organize the International Islamic Symposium on Climate Change, which produced the Islamic Declaration. The message of the Islamic Declaration was reported by major news outlets across the world, and a new Global Muslims Climate Network formed as a result. CAN also continued to support Fast for the Climate during its interfaith fasts at COP 21 and has focused on strengthening its work with youth and labor organizations, and more recently sub-regional governments via city networks such as C40 and ICLEI.





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1- Solar panels at IKEA site.

2 - Building the dokis nation micro hydro plant, Ontario, Canada.

3 - Wind turbines.

Photo Credit: HIVOS.

## 2030 AGENDA

In September 2015, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development was adopted successfully — the 17 universal goals (Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)) encompassing economic, social, and environmental issues were formally agreed to by the United Nations. The work around the SDGs was an important opportunity for CAN to partner with development organizations and other networks, such as Beyond2015 and Action2015. These partnerships influenced the global policy framework that will guide global development efforts during the next 15 years and deliver on the ‘triple bottom line’ of economic, social, and environmental progress.

CAN’s key objective within the Sustainable Development Goals, was to both show and achieve strong recognition within the interconnectedness of the challenges in climate and development. Specifically, the post-2015 agenda needed to contribute to a global adaptation and low-carbon development pathway and to achieve integration of climate change and environmental sustainability within the larger developmental paradigm. CAN achieved this objective, as the SDGs not only include a climate change goal, but also a set of targets that will help to achieve the 1.5°C temperature goal and greater resilience.

The achievement of these objectives required CAN to demonstrate, in a concise way, that combatting climate change is a prerequisite for poverty eradication and sustainable development, calling for the Network

to work across both the development and climate movements. Throughout 2014 and 2015, in a series of position papers and submissions, supported by well-coordinated advocacy and communications, CAN influenced government thinking around the inclusion of a climate change goal, renewable energy and energy efficiency targets, and resilience and adaptation measures. In 2016, the attention turns to putting the SDGs — and the affordable, scalable solutions they contain, into action.

## THE ROAD THROUGH PARIS

### EFFORTS TO ENSURE SUPPORTIVE LANGUAGE

The CAN Communications Department worked with members, nodes, and other partners to develop a meta-narrative and framing pieces for key moments that helped to align the public messaging for broad sections of the climate movement. Our framing — generally speaking — emphasized political momentum for climate action, people power, the inevitable transition to 100% renewable energy, and the urgent need to support increased resilience for vulnerable communities. By coordinating the network in preparation for and during major moments, we were able to present a significantly united front and deliver more effective public communications, which ultimately meant that our framing for key moments, such as the forging of the Paris Agreement and the creation of the UNSDGs, was widely reflected in the global media.

### INDCS — INFLUENCING INDCS AND CIVIL SOCIETY REVIEW

#### National Advocacy Around INDcs

CAN’s national and regional networks and close partners in India, South Africa, Middle East Region, Chile, and Brazil, worked tirelessly in 2015 to influence their governments to submit ambitious Intended Nationally Determined Contributions (INDCs). Our members took leadership roles in forming national coalitions of diverse organizations, most including members from labor, faith, and youth constituencies, to coordinate campaigning. The international network coordinated their efforts by sharing international level information and developing new advocacy strategies. One such strategy was to develop a ‘missed opportunities’ framing for the INDCs in specific countries, which provided statistics on the missed potential for saving lives, possible job creation and economic growth by not including a long-term goal of phasing out fossil fuels and transitioning to 100% renewable energy.

Conversely, the same statistics could be used to show the ‘co-benefits’ of the transition. These statistical reports were produced for India, Chile, China, the European Union, the United States, Japan, and Canada, all of which gained significant media attention. CAN’s work showed encouraging variations of the long-term goal included in many of the INDCs, including in Brazil, where efforts of CAN members and partners led to the Brazilian INDC including a commitment to strive for a transition towards energy systems based

on renewable sources and the decarbonisation of the global economy by the end of the century, in the context of sustainable development and access to the financial and technological means. CAN also helped to land the previously mentioned ‘missed opportunities’ framing, which was apparent in the reporting of INDC submissions around the world.

#### Civil Society Review

CAN was at the center of facilitating and bringing together a civil society review on the INDCs of various countries in the run up to COP 21 in Paris. The civil society review was a collaborative exercise between the broader civil society, including members of CAN, as well as Climate Justice Network (CJN), members from faith based organizations and the International Trade Union Confederation (ITUC).

The civil society group conducted an event in the run up to Paris, which was attended by various government delegations, including the Chair of G77 and China. The results from the review were also mentioned in one of the statements made by the group of 77 during the course of the negotiations. The coalition of NGOs also held two side events during the UNFCCC intercessional in October, as well as during the Paris COP, in order to share the results from the review.

Read [the report from the review](#).





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1- Before solar home, Pathakota.  
2- Solar panel on roof, Kulia, Bangladesh.  
3- Andhra Pradesh micro hydro.  
4- Marjina Begum, Kulia, Bangladesh.  
5- Pathakota villag.  
Photo Credit: HIVOS.



Post-2015 Summit. Photo Credit: CAN-International.

## CAN STRATEGIC PLAN: A PLAN FOR POST-PARIS

### PLANNING FOR 2016–2020

In mid-2015, CAN embarked on a strategic planning exercise to start network-wide discussions on priorities for the period 2016–2020.

To inform these discussions, CAN and the Global Call for Climate Action (GCCA) (with support from the Stanley Foundation) embarked on a consultation with a wide range of actors in the movement to identify key strategies, milestones, and moments that groups would be focusing on towards 2020. The “Critical Pathways to 2020” project, which included dozens of interviews, several workshops, a survey, and a collaborative unbranded [website](#), aimed at challenging members and partners to focus on the post-Paris period, at mapping out some of the emerging pathways and discussing campaign ideas/ tactics, at enabling better understanding about the different assumptions and models of change that underpin the objectives and approaches of those who participated in the exercise, and at identifying opportunities for deeper collaboration between different actors across the climate movement.

To define a new global strategic framework for the network, the Secretariat then worked with the member-constituted Strategic Planning Committee to devise a process that would enable all members and nodes to feed in their strategic priorities, as well as national and regional perspectives. Starting with a global survey and an initial strategic planning meeting in

September in Bonn, we identified the broad priority areas. The process then moved to delving into the areas in more detail, with a number of think pieces which CAN members articulated, to analyze the changing landscape and the network’s strengths and strategic opportunities, and to identify the added-value the work on those strategic strands would bring to the members.

Engagement was very vibrant and further showed how CAN’s expanded mandate over the last few years — which saw a fresh focus on complementing the policy work with more campaigning and movement-building approaches, and on putting further emphasis on the links between national, regional and international levels — was essential to leverage the diversity of members’ activities, expertise, and also served to further strengthen and amplify many facets of the climate movement’s actions. Throughout the process, it became clear that through CAN’s unique reach and position in the movement, given its strong partnerships with other actors (for instance in other civil society spaces), the network should continue to consolidate and build on the mandate from the previous strategy. It should nurture its strong policy and advocacy expertise, also looking at other fora, while ensuring to strengthen and expand its campaigning work in support of the long-term goal, and further support other efforts throughout the movement.

Several other meetings and consultations took place until the end of the year and would culminate in February 2016 with the largest CAN meeting ever organized outside the UN process, which would lead to the finalization of the 2016–2020 strategic framework.

## NETWORK DEVELOPMENT

### CAPACITY-BUILDING

In 2015, CAN has continued its Leadership Development Program (LDP) through which four young professionals were supported through the CAN Secretariat and Node Coordinators in South Africa, Southeast Asia, and the Pacific, to further their policy, advocacy, and communications knowledge and their coordination skills. Several of them attended a study tour, UNFCCC sessions, as well as COP 21 and other meetings, and worked alongside experts pushing for ambitious climate goals. The LDP fellows also strengthened local institutional capacity of national and regional networks through doing organisational assessments, crafting development plans for their respective networks, and taking forward several activities in order to strengthen collaboration, coordination, and outreach in their region.

The CAN Secretariat, together with a number of nodes and members, also hosted a series of open webinars on topics such as the transition to 100% renewable energy, mobilization, and the post-2015 agenda, by bringing policy and local expertise together. It furthermore facilitated trainings in several nodes — for instance on building campaign strategies — and developed a beginner’s guide to COP, drawing on members’ resources and the network’s policy demands.

### NETWORK STRENGTHENING

CAN continued to build upon the ONE CAN cooperation model agreed upon across the network and nodes. This model, on the one hand, guided the strategic planning process to develop CAN’s strategy for post-Paris. On the other hand, the ONE CAN initiative aims at strengthening internal capacity and structures of nodes, leading to greater impact, sustainability and alignment across the network. As part of this process, CAN worked with 10 national and regional nodes to conduct internal organizational assessments in 2015. Through these self-evaluations, CAN supported members to identify priority areas which they would benefit from strengthening, including governance, membership engagement, fundraising, and communications. Nodes have been supported individually to build up additional capacity and strengthen the overall sustainability of their operations. Strategic plans have been developed aiming to increase influence, as well as adding further value for members to increase their engagement with the Network’s work.

Moreover, the CAN Secretariat has developed, in consultation with nodes, a number of new tools to increase coherence across the Network and respond to node demands, allowing them to adapt them to best meet their or their members’ needs. Furthermore, through activities engaging all nodes such as the CAN Secretariat and Coordinators Annual Meeting, CAN continues to help facilitate greater understanding, information and knowledge-sharing, cross-learning and cooperation between members across the network, to ensure that our work is reflective of the different contexts, and the vibrant expertise, perspectives, and approaches of the membership.



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## SECRETARIAT

As of December 31, 2015, the CAN-International Secretariat consisted of 16 contractors based in 15 countries.

### DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

Wael Hmaidan, *Director, Lebanon*

Leila Yassine, *Executive Assistant, Belgium*

Saroja Coelho, *Executive Officer, Germany*

Holly Borday, *Executive Officer, Denmark*

### CAMPAIGNS

Mareike Britten, *Head of Global Campaigns, Netherlands*

Lasse Bruun, *Global Campaigns Coordinator, Brazil*

### COMMUNICATIONS

Ria Voorhaar, *Head, International Communications Coordination, Germany*

Mark Raven, *Communications Coordinator, Turkey*

### NETWORK DEVELOPMENT AND OUTREACH

Sarah Strack, *Head of Network Development, France*

Emily Hickson, *Network Development Officer, United Kingdom*

Aimi Zhou, *Network Development Officer, Tunisia*

### OPERATIONS

Montana Burgess, *Operations Manager, Canada*

Charlene Ruell, *Program Assistant, USA*

### POLICY

Siddharth Pathak, *International Policy Coordinator, India*

Lina Dabbagh, *Policy Officer, Mexico*

Cleo Verkujil, *Junior Policy Officer, Netherlands*

### ALSO WORKING WITH THE SECRETARIAT IN 2015

Liga Efeja, *Executive Assistant, Latvia*

Francis Joseph Dela Cruz, *Global Campaigns Coordinator, Philippines*

Ashwini Prabha, *Communications Coordinator, France*

Camilla McArthur, *Network Development Advisor, Senegal*

Alfredo Redondo, *Network Development Officer, Argentina*

Amy Kyalo, *Finance Officer, Kenya*

Samantha Harris, *Policy Officer, USA*

Hina Javed, *Human Resources Consultant, Pakistan*

Beverly Orr, *Financial Consultant, USA*

### OUR 2015 INTERNS

Neha Ganesh, *Policy Intern, USA*

Eleanor Waters, *UNFCCC Policy Intern, Germany*

Jannica Sandström, *Digital Administrative Intern, Finland*

Raphael Danglade, *COP 21 Logistics Intern, France*

Aslihan Tekin, *Network Development Intern, Turkey*

Nhattan Nguyen, *Network Development Intern, Canada*

1- Action against fossil fuels, Sweden.

2- Action against fracking, UK.

3- Quit coal protest, Thailand.

4- Getupand support renewables, Spain.

5- Dirty energy protest, Romania.

6- Liberate Tate BP protest, UK.

7- Shell no protest, USA.

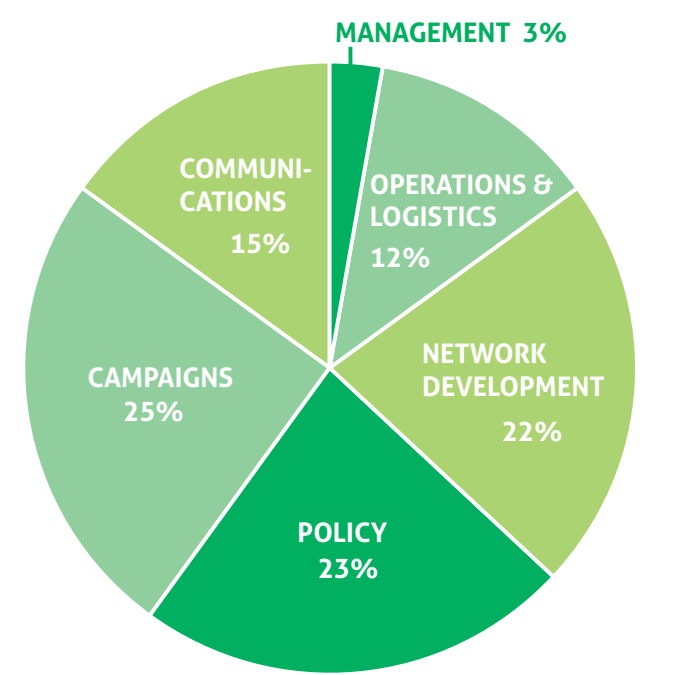
Photo Credit: CAN-International.

FINANCIAL REPORT

Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (In U.S. funds)	
For the year ended December 31, 2015	
Revenue	
Grants and contracts	\$ 1,504,759
Contributions	92,247
Foreign exchange loss	(25,089)
	1,571,917
Expenses	
Salaries and benefits	750,388
Professional development	0
Travel – staff	188,600
Special projects	0
Travel – other	183,283
Node support	168,653
Professional fees	20,420
ECO	38,356
Venue rental	29,983
Telephones and teleconferences	14,421
Office and administrations	45,482
Website and email	4,616
Publications and subscriptions	6,224
Occupancy	2,868
Materials	33,383
Catering	2,970
Insurance	628
Amortization	4,189
Hospitality and fundraising	24,173
Miscellaneous	0
Legal fees	14,980
	\$ 1,533,617
Excess of revenues over expenses (expenses over revenue)	38,300
Net assets, beginning of year	137,044
Net assets, end of year	\$ 175,344

Statement of financial position (Assets and liabilities (in U.S. Funds))	
December 31, 2015	
ASSETS	
Current	
Cash	\$ 406,794
Accounts receivable	102,742
Grant and contributions receivable	135,056
Prepaid expenses	184
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	644,776
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	5,907
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 650,683
LIABILITIES	
Current	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 161,093
Deferred revenue	314,246
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 475,339
NET ASSETS	175,344
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 650,683

2015 Expenditures



FUNDERS

- Anonymous Donor
- Avaaz
- Beyond 2015
- Brot für die Welt
- Christian Aid
- CISU
- Climate Vulnerable Forum
- ClimateWorks
- European Climate Foundation
- ForUM
- Fundación Integral de Desarrollo
- Global Health Alliance
- Greenpeace
- GSCC
- HELIO International
- Misereor
- Res Publica
- Sierra Club US
- Sticht Global Climate Action
- Union of Concerned Scientists
- USCAN
- WEDO
- WWF



1- Women. Food. Climate Day.  
2- Go 100% renewable rally, Jordan.  
3- G7 climate protest, Germany.  
Photo Credit: CAN-International.

MEMBER LIST

<b>CAN-Australia</b>	Global Voices
<b>Australia</b>	Green Music Australia
100% Renewable Energy	Greenpeace Australia Pacific
350.org Australia	Institute for Sustainable Futures, University of Technology Sydney
Australian Conservation Foundation	Institute of Environmental Studies, University of NSW
Australian Forests and Climate Alliance	Lighter Footprints
Australian Religious Response to Climate Change	Locals into Victoria's Environment (LIVE)
Australian Youth Climate Coalition	Mackay Conservation Group
Ballarat Renewable Energy and Zero Emissions Inc (BREAZE)	Moreland Energy Foundation
Bathurst Climate Action Network	Mount Alexander Sustainability Group
Cairns and Far North Environment Centre	National Toxics Network
CARE Australia	Nature Conservation Council of New South Wales
Catholic Earthcare Australia	North Coast Environment Council
Citizens Own Renewable Energy Network Australia (CORENA)	North Queensland Conservation Council
Climate Action Hobart	Oxfam Australia
Climate Action Lake Macquarie	Parramatta Climate Action Network (ParraCAN)
Climate Action Monaro	Queensland Conservation Council
Climate Action Newcastle	Quit Coal
Climate Action Newtown	Rising Tide Newcastle
Climate Action Now Wingecarribee	SEARCH Foundation (Social Education and Research Concerning Humanity)
Climate Action Sydney Eastern Suburbs (CASES)	Sisters of the Good Samaritan
Climate Action Tomaree	Sunshine Coast Environment Council
Climate and Health Alliance	Sustainable Living Armidale
Climate Change Australia	Sustainable Population Australia
Climate Change Balmain Rozelle	Tear Australia
Climate Emergency Network	The Climate Institute (Assoc. Member)
Climate Justice Program	The Sunrise Project
Conservation Council of South Australia	The Verb
Conservation Council of Western Australia	United Voice
Darebin Climate Action Now	Uniting Church, The Justice and International Mission
Edmund Rice Centre	Wodonga and Albury Toward Climate Health (WATCH)
Environment Tasmania	World Vision Australia
Environment Victoria	WWF Australia
Environmental Defender's Office New South Wales (Ltd)	
GetUp!	

<b>CAN-Eastern Africa</b>	The Centre for Energy, Environment, Science and Technology Foundation (CEEST)
<b>Ethiopia</b>	
Forum for Environment	
PHE Ethiopia Consortium	
<b>Kenya</b>	
Climate Action for Sustainable Development (CASD)	
Institute of Environment and Water Management	
International Youth Council, Kenya Chapter (IYC)	
Kenya Climate Change Working Group (KCCWG)	
Kenya Young Greens	
Riamogire Energy And Technology Centre (RETEC)	
Sustainable Environmental Development Watch (Suswatch)	
<b>Rwanda</b>	
Rwanda Rural Rehabilitation Initiative	
<b>Sudan</b>	
Institute of Environmental Studies	
<b>Tanzania</b>	
AGENDA for Environment and Responsible Development	
Climate Action Network – Tanzania	
Community Health Services Organization (COHESA)	
Energy, Environment and Climate Change Organization	
Environmental Management Group (EMAG)	
Kagera Development and Credit Revolving Fund (KADETFU)	
Misenye Environmental Development Organization (MEDO)	
Mlonganzila Marafiki Group	
Ophans Foundation Fund	
SM MWAKASONDA	
Tanzania Civil Society Forum on Climate Change (ForumCC)	
Tanzania Climate Change Alert and Resilience	
Tanzania Environmental IFriendly Association	

Eastern and Southern Small Scale Farmers Association (ESSFA)	
Ecological Christian Organization	
Efforts Integrated Development Foundation	
Emesco Development Foundation	
Environment Teachers Association (ENVITA)	
Environmental Management for Livelihood Improvement	
Environmental Protection and Reduction of Extreme Poverty (EPAREP)	
Enyau Environmental Friendly Car Washing Bay (EFCWB)	
FORESCO (U) LTD	
Forum for NGOs in Rakai District (FONIRAD)	
FOSID	
Foundation for Rural Development (FORUD)	
Friend of Disabilities (COMBRID)	
Friends of Environment Rakai	
Grassland Foundation	
Health throught Water and Sanitation (HEWASA)	
Heart of Merges Uganda (HOMU)	
Hoima District Association of the Blind (HODAB)	
Hope for African Women	
Hope for Orphans	
HURUD	
IDEA	
IFAPIC	
JOFFED	
Joint Effort to Save the Environment	
Kabale Farmers Networking Association (KFNA)	
KADCF	
Kagadi Women Development Association (KWDA)	
Kaliro Youth Forum	
Kamwokya Community Health and Environmental Protection Association (KACHEPA)	
Kasiira Foundation	
Kibaale Youth and Women Development Agency (KYAWDA)	
Kirimani Foundation	

Kisoro District NGO/CBO Forum	
KK Expedition Theatre Group (KETG)	
Koboko United Women Association (KUWA)	
KTWDG	
Kumi Human Rights Initiative (KHRI)	
Kyakulumbye Development Foundation (KDF)	
Kyetume Community Based Health Care Programme	
Kyosiga Community Christian Association	
LACWADO	
Logiri Community Action for Development (LOCADE)	
Lutheran World Federation	
Lwengo Rural Development Support Organization – Uganda	
Manyakabi	
Maracha Action for Development (MAFORD)	
Maracha Women Forum (MWF)	
Masiyompo Elgon Movement	
Mbarara Carpenter Association	
Mbarara Women Development Association	
MECDEF	
MICDO	
MIRAC	
Moyo NGO Forum	
Multi-Community Based Development Initiative (MUCOBADI)	
NABO	
Ndeeba Parish Youth Association	
Nebbi NGO Forum	
Nile Rural Advocacy Program for Community Development (NIRAPROCED)	
NWASEA	
Nyanyakabi Association Isingiro	
NYARWODA	
ODS	
Offaka United Development Association (OUDA)	
PACAIP	

Pallisa Allied Commercial Farmers Association	
Pallisa Women Group Association	
Participatory Initiative for Real Development (PIRD-U)	
PRDO	
Pro Biodiversity Conservation in Uganda	
Quba United Development Association (QUDA)	
RECPA	
Rock Spring Uganda	
Rukararwe PWRD	
Rural Counrty Development Organization (RUCODE)	
Rural Welfare Improvement for Development (RWIDE)	
RUSFERA	
Rwenkuba Hills Conservation Association	
Rwerere Women in Development	
Slum Women's Initiative For Development (SWID)	
St Joseph’s Vocational Training Centre Munteme	
Strategic Sustainable Consult Ltd	
Tanganyika Women Activity Development (TWAD)	
The Good Samaritan Action Ministries (TGSAM)	
THETA	
TONASO	
Tooro Development Agency (TDA)	
Uganda Domestic Sanitation Service (UGADOSS)	
Uganda Environment Education Foundation (UEEF)	
United Humanitarian Development Association (UHDA)	
URWA	
Vision for Africa’s Transformation Organization (VATO)	
Women in Small Scale Enterprises (WSSE)	
World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF Uganda)	
YASI Moyo	
Yumbe NGO Forum	

<b>CAN-EECCA</b>
<b>Armenia</b>
Eco Club Lore (ECL)
Energetikayi ev shrdghaka mighavairi khohrdatvakan hasarakakan kazmakerputyun (ECOTEAM)
Khazer NGO
<b>Belarus</b>
Ecopartnership
Ecoproject
Green Alliance
Centre of Environmental Solutions (CES)
<b>Georgia</b>
Ecovision
Green Alternative – Mtsvane Alternativa
Greens of Georgia
<b>Kyrgyzstan</b>
UNISON
<b>Russia</b>
Buryatsk regional union on Baikal
Center for Environmental Initiatives
Ecodefence
Friends of the Baltics
Greenpeace Russia
International Socia-Ecological Union
Russian Socio-Ecological Union (SEU)
Ural Ecological Union
WWF Russia
<b>Tajikistan</b>
Little Earth
Youth Ecological centre of Tajikistan
<b>Ukraine</b>
Ecoclub
Environment People Law (EPL)
Expert Advisory Center “Legal Analytics”
National Ecological Centre of Ukraine
Ukrainian Youth Climate Association (UYCA)
<b>Uzbekistan</b>
Environment Law Center “Armon”

<div> <div> <b>CAN-Europe</b> </div> <div> <b>Austria</b> </div> <div> Global 2000 – Umweltschutzorganisation– Global 2000 Environmental organisation (FoE) </div> <div> Greenpeace Central and Eastern Europe (CEE) </div> <div> IndyACT </div> <div> Nature Code – Centre of Development and Environment </div> </div>	<div> Det Økologiske Råd – Danish Ecological Council </div> <div> Folkekirkens Nødhjælp DCA – DanChurchAid </div> <div> Group 92 </div> <div> The Danish Organization for Renewable Energy (OVE) </div> <div> Verdensskove (used to be Nepenthes) </div> <div> WWF Verdensnaturfonden – (WWF-Denmark) </div>
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Mexican Center for Environmental Law (CEMDA)

Presencia Ciudadana Mexicana A.C.

**Nicaragua**

Centro Alexander Von Humboldt.

**Paraguay**

Fundación Moisés Bertoni

**Peru**

Centro de Documentación y Desarrollo Regional – CEDDRE

Fundación San Marcos para la Ciencia y el Desarrollo

Instituto Andino y Amazónico de Derecho Ambiental

Movimiento Ciudadano frente al Cambio Climático (MOCICC)

**Uruguay**

Centro de Estudio Uruguayo de Técnicas Alternativas

CLAES – Centro Latinoamericano de Ecología Social

Sociedad Amigos del Viento meteorología ambiente desarrollo

**Venezuela**

Federación de Organizaciones y Juntas Ambientalistas de Venezuela: "FORJA"

**CAN-Pacific (PICAN)**

**Fiji**

350 Pacific

Diverse Voices and Action (DIVA) For Equality

Greenpeace Australia Pacific

Oxfam Pacific

Pacific Conference of Churches

Pacific Islands Association of Non-Government Organizations (PIANGO)

Project Survival Pacific

**Kiribati**

350 Kiribati

AMA

Anrae SDA Youth

Bikenikora Women/Youth

BTML

- Caritas
- DO Tenono
- Ex-Banaba Association
- Focolare
- Kiribati Children's Campaigns Network
- Kiribati Fisheries/Marine Assoc.
- Kiribati Health Retreat Association
- KIT Alumni
- Koron Te Waa
- Marewen Betio
- Marewen Te Riki
- Nanon Te Kora
- RAK (Reitakia Aine Kamatu
- Rikian Tungaru
- Tauan te Kainga
- Te Reitaki ni Maiu
- Te Toa Matoa
- Te Waa Mai Kiribati
- Teitoiningaina
- Ueen Tamoa
- Ueen Te Bitati
- Ueenikai
- Unimwane n Betio
- USP Student Association
- YCL Betio
- Tuvalu**
- Ekalesia Kelisiano Tuvalu (EKT)
- Fakapopotog Fafine Ekalesia Kelisiano Tuvalu
- Suiga Fou Association
- Tuvalu Health Family Association
- Tuvalu Media Cooperation
- Tuvalu National Women's Council
- Tuvalu National Youth Council
- Tuvalu Non-Profit Organisation (TANGO)
- Tuvalu Red Cross
- Vanuatu**
- ADRA Vanuatu

CARE International Vanuatu  
Farm Support Association  
GIZ Vanuatu Climate Change  
Live & Learn Environmental  
Education Vanuatu  
Peace Corp Vanuatu  
Save the Children  
VANGO  
Vanuatu Christian Council  
Vanuatu Red Cross Society  
(VRCS)  
Wan Smolbag Theatre  
World Vision International  
Vanuatu

**CAN-Rac Canada**  
**Canada**  
350.org  
Act for the Earth  
Algonquin Wildlands League  
Aquatic Ecosystem health  
and Management Society  
(AEHMS)  
Assembly of First Nations  
Association québécoise de  
lutte contre la pollution  
atmosphérique (AQLPA)  
Bathurst Sustainable  
Development  
British Columbia Sustainable  
Energy Association  
Canadian Association for  
Renewable Energies C.A.R.E.  
Canadian Association  
of Physicians for the  
Environment  
Canadian Centre for Policy  
Ingenuity  
Canadian Council for  
International Cooperation  
Canadian Federation of  
University Women  
Canadian Labour Congress  
Canadian Parks and Wilderne  
Society – CPAWS  
Canadian Union of  
Public Employees (CUPE)  
Canadian Unitarians for  
Social Justice  
Canadian Voice of Women

Canadian Youth Climate Coalition – CYCC/CCJC

Citizens Climate Lobby

Citizens Environment Alliance

Citizens for Public Justice

Clean Air Partnership

Clean North

Clean Nova Scotia Foundation

Climate Change Centre

Climate Action Network Canada – Réseau action climat Canada

Climate Action Network Niagara

Climate Change Lawyers Network

Climate Reality Project

Columbia Institute

Community Based Environmental Monitoring Network

Conseil Régional de l'Environnement-capitale nationale

Conservation Council of New Brunswick

Conservator Society of Hamilton and District

David Suzuki Foundation

Ecology Action Centre

Ecology North

Ecology Ottawa

Environment Northeast

Environmental Coalition of PEI

Environmental Defence Canada

ENvironnement JEunesse Inc.

Équiterre

ETC Group/ETC Foundation

Faith and the Common Good

For Our Grandchildren

ForestEthics

Friends of the Earth – Canada

Georgian Triangle Earth Day Celebrations

Green 13

Green Action Centre

Green Communities Canada

Green Neighbours 21

Greenpeace Canada

Helios Center

Jour de la Terre

JustEarth

KAIROS – Canadian Ecumenical  
Justice Initiatives

Leadnow

Living Oceans Society

Manitoba Wildlands

National Union of Public and  
General Employees (NUPGE)

Nature Canada

Nature Saskatchewan

New Brunswick Lung  
Association

Ontario Clean Air Alliance

Our Horizon

Oxfam Canada

Oxfam Quebec

Pacific Peoples' Partnership

Pembina Institute

Polaris Institute

Post Carbon Toronto

Saskatchewan Eco Network

Saskatchewan  
Environmental Society

Science for Peace

Sierra Club of Canada

Sierra Youth Coalition

Students on Ice  
Alumni Delegation

Sustainability Solutions Group  
Workers Cooperative

Tides Canada

Toronto Climate Campaign

Toronto Environmental  
Alliance

United Church of Canada

University of Waterloo Coalition  
for Sustainable Development

USC Canada

Vegetarians and Vegans of  
Alberta

Voters Taking Action on Climate Change (VTACC)

West Coast Environmental Law

Windfall Ecology Centre

World Federalist Movement Canada

World Wildlife Fund Canada

Yukon Conservation Society

Zero Carbon Ontario

## CAN-South Asia

### Bangladesh

ActionAid Bangladesh

An Organization for Socio-Economic Development (AOSED)

Association of Voluntary Actions for Society

Bangladesh Auxiliary Services for Social Advancement (BASSA)

Bangladesh Centre for Advanced Studies (BCAS)

Bangladesh Environmental Lawyers Association (BELA)

Bangladesh Institute for Development (BIDS)

Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC)

Bangladesh Unnayan Parishad (BUP)

BDSC

CARE Bangladesh

Caritas – Bangladesh

Center for Development and Peace (CDP)

Center for Participatory Research and Development (CPRD)

Centre for Coastal Environmental Conservation (CCEC)

Christian Aid Bangladesh

Church of Bangladesh Social Development Programme

Church of Bangladesh Social Development Programme (CBSDP)

COAST Trust

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

Development Wheel (DEW)

Eminence Associates for Social Development

Gram Unnayan Karma (GUK)

Grameen Bank

Hitaishi

Humanitywatch

INTEGRATED SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT EFFORT (ISDE)

International Centre for Climate Change and Development (ICCCAD) at Independent University, Bangladesh (IUB)

Islamic Relief Bangladesh

Light House

Local Environment Development and Agricultural Research Society (LEDARS)

Nabolok

NGO Forum for Public Health

Oxfam Bangladesh

Participatory Research & Action Network

Practical Action Bangladesh

Prodipan

SDNBD

Shariaptur Development Society (SDS)

Shushilan

Social Associateion for Development of Bangladesh

Solidarites International Bangladesh

SONGSHOPTAQUE

SPACE

Unnayan Onneshan

**Bhutan**

Royal Society for the Protection of Nature

**India**

ActionAid India

AFPRO – Action for Food Production

All India Disaster Mitigation Institute (AIDMI)

Alternative Futures

Centre for Environment Education (CEE)

Centre for Science & Environment (CSE)

Centre for Social Markets

Chintan Environmental Research and Action Group

Christian Aid India

Climate Himalaya

Consortium for Trade and Development (CENTAD)

Dan Church Aid India

Development Alternatives (DA)

Ekta Parishad

Evangelical Fellowship of India Commission on Relief (EFICOR)

Gorakhpur Environmental Action Group

Greenpeace India

Indian Network on Ethics and climate Change

Indian Youth Climate Network

Institute of Himalayan Environmental Research & Education (INHERE)

Integrated Research and Action for Development (IRADe)

Judav

LEAD India

M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation (MSSRF)

Oxfam India

Paryavaran Mitra

Purvanchal Gramin Vikas Sansthan (PGVS)

Rajputana Society for Natural History

Samvad

Shohratgarh Envirnomnetal Society (SES)

Society for Socio Economic and Ecological Development (SEED)

The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI)

Vasudha foundation

VIKSAT

Voluntary Association of Agriculture, General Development, Health and Reconstruction Alliance (VAAGDHARA)	<b>Sri Lanka</b>	Mother Earth Foundation	<b>Democratic Repbulic of the Congo</b>	<b>Senegal</b>	WWF France	ONG Ecodev	Community Initiative for Social Enhancement (CISE)
WaterShed Trust Organisation (WOTR)	Center for Applied Biodiversity Research and Education	Philippinne Rural Reconstruction Movement	"ACDI/ONG-RDC – ACDI/NGO-DRC: Actions Communautaires pour le Développement Intégral/Community Action for Integrated Development"	Environment Development Action in the Third World (ENDA TM)	ZERO WASTE France	ONG Tenmiya	Congress of South African Trade Unions (COSTAU)
World Vision India	Centre for Poverty Analysis	Soljuspax/ Sol Justitae Pax		Réseau Environment & Développement (CONGAD)	Solar Generation	S.O.S OASIS	Conservation SA
World Wide Fund for Nature – India	Christian Aid Sri Lanka	Tanggal Kalikasan		<b>Sierra Leone</b>	Virage Energie Nord-Pas-de-Calais	<b>Morocco</b>	Earth Life Africa
<b>Maldives</b>	Climate Study and Action Group	Upholding Life and Nature		Youth Empowerment and Peace Building Organization (YEPO)	Virage Energie Pays-de-la-Loire	Association AZIR Pour la Protection de l'Environnement	Ecocity (CURES)
Huvadhoo Aid	Energy Forum (Guarantee) Limited – Sri Lanka	YAMOG Renewable Energy Development Center		<b>Togo</b>	Women in Europe for a Common Future France	Association des Sciences de la Vie et de la Terre du Maroc	Energy Research Centre (ERC)
Live and Learn Environmental Education	Environmental Foundation (Guarantee) Limited (EFL)	<b>Thailand</b>	<b>Gambia</b>	Actions en faveur de l'homme et de la nature (AFHON)	WWF France	Association Homme & Environnement	Environmental Monitoring Group (EMG)
<b>Nepal</b>	Green Movement of Sri Lanka	Community Empowerment Institute	Concern Universal	ADT-Togo Friends of the Earth Togo		Association tizi -ozemour pour le développement et l'environnement	Fossil Free South Africa
Child Health and Environment Save Society (CHESS) Nepal	Integrated Development Association (IDEA)	Forest and Farmers Foundation	ILUTA ENGAMBI Claude	ANCE – TOGO	<b>CAN-Arab World Algeria</b>	Groupe d'Etudes et de Recherche sur les Energies Renouvelables et l'Environnement (GERERE)	Gender CC Southern Africa – Women for Climate Justice
Clean Energy Nepal (CEN)	Janathakshan (Guarantee) LTD	Renewable Energy Institute of Thailand Foundation	Oasis project youth association (OPYA)	"APAD-International	Association de Recherche sur le Climat et l'Environnement (ARCE)	Groupe de Recherche Pluridisciplinaire sur les Changements Climatiques	Greater Edendal Environmental Network (GREEN)
Federation of Community Forestry Users	Munasinghe Institute for Development (MIND)	Sustainability Watch Thailand	<b>Ghana</b>	(Association pour la Promotion des Activités de développement-International)"	Association des Amis de la Saoura	Groupe de Recherche Pour la Protection des Ressources Naturelles	Greenpeace Africa
Institute for Social and Environmental Transition – Nepal (ISET-N)	Practical Action South Asia		Abibimman Foundation	ASEDI – Association of the Environmental Scientists for an Integrated Development	Association écologique pour la protection de la faune et de la flore (AEPEFF)	Indigenous Peoples of Africa Coordinating Committee (IPAAC)	
LI-BIRD	Sri Lanka Red Cross Society (SLRCS)		HATOF Foundation	Young Volunteers for Environment (JVE)	Mouvement écologique Algérien (MEA)	Indigo	
Nepal Water Conservation Foundation (NWCF)	Sri Lankan Youth Climate Action Network		<b>Guinea</b>			International Alliance on Natural Resources in Africa	
Nepal Youth Climate Action	<b>CAN-Southeast Asia</b>		Guinee Ecologie			Kathrada Foundation	
Oxfam GB	<b>Indonesia</b>					Minerals and Energy Education and Training Institute	
Practical Action Nepal	Institute for Essential Service Reform (IESR)					National Labour and Economic Development Institute (Naledi)	
United Mission to Nepal	Pelangi Indonesia – Yayasan Pelangi					National Union of Metalworkers of South Africa (Numsa)	
Winrock International Nepal	WWF Indonesia					One Million Climate Jobs Campaign (OMCJC)	
WWF Nepal	<b>Malaysia</b>					Oxfam South Africa	
<b>Pakistan</b>	Centre for Environment, Technology and Development, Malaysia					Project 90x2030	
Centre for Rule of Law – Islamabad	Environmental Protection Society, Malaysia					Renewable Energy Centre	
Integrated Regional Support Program	Global Environment Centre (GEC)					Right2Know	
LEAD Pakistan	Malaysian Nature Society					SACCYF	
Oxfam Pakistan	WWF Malaysia					Section 27	
Pakistan Relief Foundation	<b>Philippines</b>					Socio-Economic Rights Institute of South Africa (SERI)	
Society for Conservation and Protection of Environment (SCOPE)	Haribon Foundation					South African Council of Churches (SACC)	
Sustainable Development Foundation	Legal Rights & Natural Resources Center/Kasama sa Kalikasan					South African History Archive (SAHA)	
Sustainable Development Policy institute (SDPI)	Lingkod Tao Kalikasan					South-South-North (SSN)	
Sustainable Environment and Development Foundation	Miriam Public Education & Awareness Campaign for the Environment					Southern African Catholic Bishops' Conference (SACBC)	
WWF Pakistan						Southern African Faith Communities' Environment Institute (SAFCEI)	
						Sustainable Energy Africa (SEA)	

Sustainable Energy Society Southern Africa (SESSA)	Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Bureau of Namibia (R3E)	Citizens Climate Lobby	Health Care Without Harm		
The GreenHouse Project (GHP)	ELA Namibia	Clean Coalition		Oxfam America	Voices for Progress
Timberwatch	<b>Swaziland</b>	Clean Energy Action	Humane Society International	Pace Energy and Climate Center	WE ACT for Environmental Justice
Tshwane Hub	Yonge Nawe Environmental Action Group	Clean Water Action	Illinois Environmental Council	Pacific Environment	WEDO
UWC	<b>Zambia</b>	Climate Access	Institute at the Golden Gate	Penn Future	Western Clean Energy Campaign
WWF South Africa	Centre for Energy, Environment and Engineering (CEEZ)	Climate Action Liaison Coalition	Institute for Local Self-Reliance	Pew Environment Group	Will Steger Foundation
YouLead-Collective	Energy and Environmental Concerns for Zambia	Climate Law and Policy	Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) / Sustainable Energy & Economy Network (SEEN)	Physicians for Social Responsibility	William C Velasquez Institute
WWF	<b>Zimbabwe</b>	Climate Protection Campaign	InterAction	Population Action International	Windustry
	Climate Change and Sustainable Development Network	Climate Solutions	Interfaith Power & Light	Presbyterian Church USA	Woods Hole Research Center
<b>CAN-Southern Africa Region</b>	ZERO Regional Environment Organization	Coalition on the Environment and Jewish Life (COEJL)	International Environmental Law Project (IELP) at Lewis & Clark Law School	Protect our Winters	World Resources Institute (WRI)
<b>Botswana</b>	Zimconserve	College of the Atlantic	International Forum on Globalization	Public Citizen	World Wildlife Fund USA
Botswana Technology Centre (BOTEC)		Conservation International	International Fund for Animal Welfare (IFAW)	Rainforest Action Network	Worldwatch Institute
<b>Lesotho</b>		Conservation Law Foundation	International Rivers	Refugees International	
Lesotho Council of NGOs (LCN) – PELUM	<b>USCAN</b>	Detroiters Working for Environmental Justice	Islamic Environmental Group of Wisconsin	Sierra Club US	
<b>Malawi</b>	<b>USA</b>	Divest Harvard	Kids vs. Global Warming	Snowriders International	
Action for Environmental Sustainability (AFES)	350.org	EarthDay Network	Kyoto USA	Sojourners	
LEAD Southern & Eastern Africa	ActionAid USA	Earthjustice	Latinos Go Green	Southern Alliance for Clean Energy	
Sustainable Rural Growth and Development Initiative (SRGDI)	Alliance for Affordable Energy	Earthworks	League of Conservation Voters	Southern Oregon Climate Action Now	
Youth Action in Relief (YARD) Limited	Alliance for Water Efficiency	Ecoequity	Local Governments for Sustainability (ICLEI)	SustainUS	
<b>Mauritius</b>	Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments	Energy Action Coalition	Massachusetts Climate Action Network	The Climate Reality Project	
350 Youth Group	Alliance to Save Energy (ASE)	Environment America	Mickey Leland Center for Environment and Sustainability at Texas Southern University	The Emmett Center on Climate Change and the Environment	
Council for Development and Environmental Studies & Conservation (Maudesco)	Appalachian Voices	Environment Northeast	Moms Clean Air Force	The Joint Center for Political and Economic Studies	
Gender and Climate Change Network	As You Sow	Environmental & Energy Study Institute (EESI)	Montana Environmental Information Center	The Nature Conservancy (TNC)	
Mauritius Council for Development, Environmental Studies & Conservation (MAUDESCO)	Audubon Minnesota	Environmental Defense Fund	National Association for the Advancement of Colored People	The Resource Innovation Group (TRIG)	
Small Farmers Movement of Mauritius	Avaaz	Environmental Investigation Agency	National Wildlife Federation (NWF)	Transportation for America	
<b>Mozambique</b>	Brighter Green	Environmental Law & Policy Center (ELPC)	Natural Resources Defense Council	U.S. Climate Plan	
Action Group for Renewable Energies and Sustainable Development (GED)	C2C Fellows	Evangelical Lutheran Church in America	New Energy Economy	U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC)	
Justica Ambiental (JA)	California Student Sustainability Coalition	Faith in Place	North Carolina Conservation Network	Union of Concerned Scientists	
Livaningo	CARE USA	Fresh Energy	Oil Change International	United Methodist Church – General Board of Church and Society	
<b>Namibia</b>	Center for Biological Diversity	Friends Committee on National Legislation	Olympic Climate Action	US Climate and Health Alliance	
CRIAA SA-DC	Center for Clean Air Policy	Friends of the Earth US (FoE)	Oregon Environmental Council	Virginia Conservation Network	
Desert Research Foundation of Namibia	Center for Rural Affairs	Georgetown Climate Center		Virginia Interfaith Power & Light	
	Center for Social Inclusion	GlobalSolutions.org			
	CERES	Green For All			
	Chesapeake Climate Action Network (CCAN)	GreenLaw			
	Chicago Physicians for Social Responsibility	Greenpeace USA			
	CIEL				

“CAN is quite an amazing organization. It brings together civil society from around the world, from totally different countries, political systems, social backgrounds and gives them a way to directly work with an incredibly complicated, and anachronistic international system.”  
— Julie-Anne Richards, Climate Justice Program, Australia



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